

# Audit Report

To the annual meeting of shareholders of AcadeMedia AB, corporate registration number 556846-0231

## Report on the annual report and consolidated accounts

### OPINIONS

We have conducted an audit of the annual report and the consolidated accounts of AcadeMedia AB for the financial year 1 July 2021 – 30 June 2022 with the exception of the corporate governance report on pages 50-53. The annual report and consolidated accounts of the company are included on pages 43-98 of this document.

In our opinion, the annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the parent company as of 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance and its cash flow for the year then ended, in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the group as per 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance and cash flow for the year, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the EU, and the Annual Accounts Act. The statutory administration report is consistent with the other parts of the annual report and consolidated accounts.

We therefore recommend that the annual meeting of shareholders adopt the income statement and balance sheet of the parent company and the group.

Our opinions in this report on the annual report and consolidated accounts are consistent with the content of the supplementary report that was submitted to the parent company's and the group's audit committee in accordance with Article 11 of the EU's Audit Regulation (Regulation (EU) No 537/2014).

### BASIS FOR OPINIONS

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further

described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. This means that, based on our best knowledge and belief, no prohibited services as referred to in Article 5 (1) of Regulation (537/2014 EU Audit Regulation) have been provided to the audited company or, where applicable, its parent company or its controlled companies in the EU.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### OUR AUDIT APPROACH

#### FOCUS AND SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

We designed our audit by determining materiality and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we considered where management had made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including, among other matters, consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

We adapted the focus and scope of our audit, taking into account the structure of the AcadeMedia Group and the internal control environment, to enable us to provide an audit report on the annual report and the consolidated accounts as a whole.

AcadeMedia is the largest education group in the Nordic region and has operations in Sweden, the Netherlands, Norway and Germany. As per 30 June 2022, the business was conducted via around 170 legal entities. The large number of legal entities is due to the acquisition of the businesses by the group, and legal

regulations that restrict the possibility of relocating operations. We conduct a statutory audit of all legal entities in Sweden and Norway, and for group purposes we review the most significant entities in the group and the parent company. The operations in Sweden and Norway account for 95 percent of the group's sales and the majority of the group's total assets. The audit included the following activities:

- Review of internal control of financial reporting, procedures and processes based on assessed risks;
- Limited review of the accounts as per 31 March 2022 with the aim of issuing a limited review report; and
- Audit of the annual accounts as per 30 June 2022, focusing on measurement of goodwill, recognition of revenue and personnel expenses, acquisition analyses and integration relating to acquisitions, restructuring reserves and assessment of reporting and disclosure regarding disputes. Furthermore, the impact on financial reporting and related information arising from heightened political risk attributable to the business has been analysed and taken into account in the audit.
- Final audit procedures required to issue this audit report on the annual report of the parent company and the group and, where applicable, other legal entities. In addition, procedures are also performed to enable us to issue our opinion on compliance with guidelines for senior executives, as well as the corporate governance and sustainability reports of the parent company.

The review was conducted by an audit team from within the PwC network. The work was performed in accordance with the local audit requirements of each country, as well as specific instructions related to the group audit. Regarding the operation in Germany, the group audit team carried out an analytical review and

other review procedures. In addition, the Group audit team conducted digital meetings with the Norwegian, German and Dutch operations during the year. The purpose of these meetings was to gain an understanding of activities in the units visited and to understand the procedures and controls in order to evaluate internal control and to conduct a limited review of the financial reporting based on the group's accounting principles.

#### MATERIALITY

The scope of our audit was influenced by our assessment of materiality. An audit is designed to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality for the financial reporting as a whole. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the focus and scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate on the financial statements as a whole.

#### KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters in the audit are those that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the annual report and consolidated accounts for the period under review. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of, and in forming our opinion on, the annual report and consolidated accounts as a whole, but we do not provide separate opinions on these matters.

## Key audit matter

### MEASUREMENT OF GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

*We refer to the Notes G1 General information, accounting and valuation policies, which contains information on important estimates and assumptions for accounting purposes, G15 Intangible non-current assets and G16 Impairment testing.*

Goodwill represents an important component of the AcadeMedia Group's total assets and amounts to SEK 6,387 million as per 30 June 2022 (34 percent of total assets). Brands are valued at around SEK 191 million at the same point in time. The items are subject to management's assessment and assumptions, and, because of their materiality, have been deemed to be a Key audit matter in the audit.

Management and the board of directors prepare annual impairment testing of the value of goodwill. The purpose of impairment testing is to determine whether an asset is impaired, i.e. whether the book value (carrying amount) exceeds the assessed fair value (recoverable amount). The model and methodology for testing goodwill and other assets with indefinite useful lives have been applied consistently throughout the group, although in Norway the value of sales is calculated net of costs of selling to reflect the surplus value in owned properties. The calculated value is based on the budgets and forecasts approved by the board of directors for the next ten years. The cash flows from the years beyond the next five are extrapolated on the basis of the business plan. The process thus includes assumptions that assume material significance to impairment testing. These assumptions include sales growth, development of margins and the discount rate (WACC). The value resulting from testing corresponds to the value of discounted cash flows for identified cash-generating units.

Even if a unit passes impairment testing, future developments that deviate negatively from the assumptions and assessments on which the review was based may lead to a need for impairment. Valuation of the company's operations is at its most sensitive regarding future earnings in the Norwegian business.

Furthermore, assumptions made are affected by the uncertainty regarding political decisions that could be made affecting staffing, quality, profits etc., as described in Note G1, which addresses important estimates and assessments for accounting purposes.

AcadeMedia's conclusion, based on the best estimate and the information that was available when the annual impairment test was performed, is that there was no indication of impairment of the assets referred to above as per 30 June 2022.

### HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

In the impairment test for goodwill and other acquisition-related intangible assets, to ensure the valuation and accuracy we performed the following audit measures:

- In the assessment of the assumptions, which are presented in Note G16 Impairment testing, we have engaged PwC's experts in valuation to test and assess the models and methodology that were used, as well as significant assumptions.
- On a random sample basis, we tested, evaluated and challenged the information used in the calculations versus AcadeMedia's financial plan and, where possible, external information. We then focused on assumed growth rates, changes in margins and discount rate per cash generating unit. We also reviewed the accuracy and inherent quality of the company's process for preparing business plans and financial plans based on historical outcomes.
- We checked the sensitivity of the valuation to negative changes in key parameters that, on an individual or aggregate basis, could result in an impairment charge.
- We judged that the disclosures provided in the annual report are correct, based on the test of valuation conducted, particularly as regards the information on the sensitivity of the valuations.
- We compared the disclosures provided in the annual report with requirements of IAS 36 and found that the latter were fulfilled in all material respects.

Based on our audit we conclude that AcadeMedia's assumptions fall within an acceptable interval. In addition to this disclosure requirement, the information in Note G16 addresses assumptions and risks where changes in assumptions entail or could entail a need for an impairment write-down. However, without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the fact that, as described in note G16, impairment testing has been prepared in accordance with the regulations applicable to the business, and changes in the rules known as per 30 June 2022. As explained in the Annual Report, there are political risks attributable to the business, as well as restrictions of risks in profits in the welfare sector. In the event of any change in regulations or if profit restrictions are introduced, goodwill and other assets may be impaired.

#### APPLICATION OF IFRS 16 LEASES DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

We refer to the Notes G1 General information, accounting and valuation policies, which contains information on important estimates and assumptions for accounting purposes, and Note G18 Right-of-use-assets.

According to IFRS 16 Leasing, essentially all leases are recognised on the balance sheet, as there is no longer any distinction made between operating leases and finance leases. IFRS 16 requires assets and liabilities relating to leases, unless the lease term is twelve months or less or the underlying asset is of low value, to be recognised as assets and liabilities on the balance sheet.

Accounting under IFRS 16 has almost doubled the balance sheet total compared to the previous accounting standard and has significant impact on the income statement. Furthermore, the accounts are based on a number of significant estimates including discount rates, lease term (and related management of renewal clauses) and vacant space.

Considering the material impact on AcadeMedia's accounts and the critical judgements upon which the accounts are based, accounting in accordance with IFRS 16 constitutes a Key audit matter in our audit.

#### HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

In our 2021/2022 audit, we focused in particular on the accounting in accordance with IFRS 16 and performed the following audit procedures;

- Gained an understanding of AcadeMedia's IFRS 16 accounting process.
- On a random basis, we examined and checked calculations used to support the recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.
- We reconciled input data in calculations against leases or other supporting data.
- We examined AcadeMedia's judgements, including the discount rates used and application of option clauses in leases, and examined the same.

In addition to the above, our procedures included:

- Examination of the accounting policies applied and verification against IFRS 16 Leases
- Examination of the change in discount rate, and its impact on the accounts, that took place during the year
- Examination of accounting in 2021/22 and verification against implemented accounting policies
- Examination of procedures and internal controls to verify a correct accounting process under IFRS 16 Leases.

The assessment of AcadeMedia's policies for posting impairment losses at any indication of impairment of recognised right-of-use assets is described below under the Key audit matter "Management's judgements concerning provisions for onerous contracts and impairment of right-of-use assets".

In our audit, we have reported to the Audit Committee that AcadeMedia has a process for IFRS 16 and that the applied assumptions, on which the accounting was based, were found to be reasonable.

#### MANAGEMENT'S JUDGEMENTS CONCERNING PROVISIONS FOR ONEROUS CONTRACTS AND IMPAIRMENT OF RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS.

We refer to Notes G1 General information, accounting and valuation policies, G18 Right-of-use assets, G25 Other provisions and G26 Accrued expenses and deferred income.

Assumptions and judgements that serve as the basis of provisions for onerous contracts or similar commitments (in the following "onerous contracts") and any indication of impairment of right-of-use assets. AcadeMedia has around 700 units in its operations, including both mature units and startups. The results for such units range from negative to positive, according to whether a unit is in a development stage, and/or various other factors. In the event that a commitment, legal or constructive, is going to lead to future losses, under IAS 37 Provisions a provision must be recognised for the losses that are expected to be incurred after the reporting date and until termination of the contract. In the event that the losses relate to right-of-use assets, an impairment charge of must be taken for those assets instead of a provision being reported.

AcadeMedia monitors the profit and position of all units on a monthly basis and makes judgments and forecasts for the future. Based on these judgements, AcadeMedia determines whether a provision or an impairment of a right-of-use asset should be reported. According to the notes above, there are, for example, provisions totalling SEK 64 million for restructuring and a contract renegotiation/onerous contract reserve of SEK 81 million, which in part cover the said exposure. Although these items are not material in relation to AcadeMedia's financial position, we find that the reporting of underlying judgements is a Key audit matter.

#### HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

In our audit, we focused in particular on examining management's assessments of onerous contracts in order to verify completeness, accuracy and measurement. The audit procedures we performed during the 2021/22 financial year included the following:

- We examined AcadeMedia's monitoring and closing accounts procedures to verify that controls are in place to account for provisions for restructuring and onerous contracts if required under IAS 37 Provisions and that impairment of right-of-use assets have been recognised if a permanent decline in value is found to exist.
- We analysed and discussed the follow-up and documentation that AcadeMedia prepares for onerous contracts as well as for restructuring. Here, the current situation and activities to achieve profitability are described, and a forecast period for the time until the unit is expected to make a profit is attached.
- We followed up profit and loss outcomes and future forecasts pertaining to units on the basis of internal reports, and evaluated the reliability of future forecasts jointly with the individuals responsible at AcadeMedia.
- We evaluated AcadeMedia's policies for making provisions against potential losses attributable to restructuring and losses against the requirements stated in IAS 37 Provisions, and the same with regard to impairment of right-of-use assets against the requirements stated in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

In our audit, we reported observations to the Audit Committee regarding the accounting of provisions for onerous contracts and impairment of right-of-use assets. In our view, AcadeMedia's assumptions on which provision for onerous contracts and impairments of right-of-use assets are based are within an acceptable range.

### PROCEDURES AND PROCESSES, AS WELL AS RECOGNITION OF PERSONNEL-RELATED EXPENSES

We refer to Notes G1 General information, accounting and valuation policies, G5 Personnel expenses, G6 Pensions and G26 Accrued expenses and deferred income.

AcadeMedia has around 18,800 employees in its subsidiaries. Personnel expenses account for just over 66 percent of AcadeMedia's operating expenses. This is thus the most significant expense item in AcadeMedia's consolidated income statement. Personnel costs consist of both salaries and other remuneration, including variable remuneration, as well as directly attributable taxes and social security contributions. The risk in these items relates to their completeness, as well as their being correctly calculated, properly reported as accrued and properly measured. There is also an inherent complexity in payroll management, since the various personnel groups are covered by different types of employment contract and different collective agreements, which in turn give rise to differences in how salaries, other remuneration and benefits are to be calculated.

### HOW OUR AUDIT ADDRESSED THE KEY AUDIT MATTER

In order to pay salaries to 18,800 employees each month, or in some cases more frequently, efficient procedures and processes must be in place to calculate and check the salaries and remuneration to be paid.

Our audit is based both on an evaluation of internal controls and on substantive testing of revenues and other analysis measures, including systems-based transaction analyses of certain balance sheet and income statement items in key subsidiaries.

The review of key controls of financial reporting and income statement and balance sheet items was carried out on a random sample basis. Audit activities performed include the following:

- We checked material accrued expenses and/or reserves for vacation pay liability, payroll liability, taxes and social security contributions etc., against information from the payroll system and management's calculations and assessments.
- We reviewed personnel expenses via analytical review measures including changes in expenses in the income statement, accrued expenses and reserves, based on our knowledge and through the use of database-related transaction analyses.

Nothing material emerged in these audit procedures that we reported to the management, the audit committee or board.

## Information other than the annual report and consolidated accounts

This document also contains information other than the annual report and the consolidated accounts. This other information is provided on pages 1-13 and 105-111. The board of directors and the chief executive officer are responsible for this other information.

Our opinion regarding the annual report and consolidated accounts does not cover this information, and we make no statement of assurance regarding this other information. In connection with our audit of the annual report and consolidated accounts, our responsibility is to read the information identified above and consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with the annual report and consolidated accounts. In this procedure, we also take into account the knowledge we have otherwise obtained in the audit and assess whether the information otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, on the basis of the work performed regarding this information, we conclude that such other information includes a material misstatement, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The board of directors and the chief executive officer are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual report and consolidated accounts in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and, as regards the consolidated accounts, in accordance with IFRS, as adopted by the EU, and the Annual Accounts Act. The board of directors and the chief executive officer are also responsible for such internal control that they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual report and consolidated accounts that are free from material misstatement,

whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual report and consolidated accounts, the board of directors and the chief executive officer are responsible for the assessment of the ability of the company and the group to continue as a going concern. They disclose, as applicable, matters related to the ability to continue as a going concern and to use the going concern basis of accounting. The going concern basis of accounting is, however, not applied if the board of directors and the chief executive officer intend to liquidate the company, cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board's audit committee shall, without prejudice to the board's responsibilities and duties, in particular monitor the company's financial reporting.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual report and consolidated accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to submit an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error, and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the annual report and the consolidated accounts.

A further description of our responsibility for the audit of the annual report and consolidated accounts is available on the website of the Supervisory Board of Public Accountants (Revisorsnämnden): [www.revisorsinspektionen.se/revisorsansvar](http://www.revisorsinspektionen.se/revisorsansvar). This description is part of the auditor's report.

## Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

### OPINIONS

In addition to our audit of the annual report and the consolidated accounts, we have examined the administration of the board of directors and the chief executive officer of AcadeMedia AB for the financial year 1 July 2021 – 30 June 2022 and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss.

We recommend to the annual meeting of shareholders that the profit be appropriated in accordance with the proposal in the statutory administration report and that the members of the board of directors and the chief executive officer be discharged from liability for the financial year.

### BASIS FOR OPINIONS

We conducted the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The board of directors is responsible for the proposal for appropriation of the company's profit or loss. At the proposal of a dividend, this includes an assessment of whether the dividend is justifiable considering the requirements which the company's and the group's type of operations, size and risks place on the size of the parent company's and the group's equity, consolidation requirements, liquidity and position in general.

The board of directors is responsible for the company's organisation and the administration of the company's affairs. This includes, among other things, continuous assessment of the company's and the group's financial situation and ensuring that

the company's organisation is designed so that the accounting, management of assets and the company's financial affairs otherwise are controlled in a satisfactory manner. The chief executive officer shall manage the ongoing administration according to the board of directors' guidelines and instructions and among other matters take measures that are necessary to ensure that the company's accounting is performed in accordance with law and to ensure that the management of assets is conducted in a satisfactory manner.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Our objective concerning the audit of the administration, and thereby our opinion on discharge from liability, is to obtain audit evidence to judge with a reasonable degree of assurance whether any member of the board of directors or the chief executive officer in any material respect:

- has undertaken any action or been guilty of any omission that can give rise to liability to the Company, or
- in any other way has acted in contravention of the Companies Act, the Annual Accounts Act or the Articles of Association.

Our objective concerning the audit of the proposed appropriation of the company's profit or loss, and thereby our opinion on this matter, is to assess with a reasonable degree of assurance whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee, that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect actions or omissions that can give rise to liability to the company, or that the proposed appropriation of the company's profit or loss is not in accordance with the Companies Act.

A further description of our responsibility for the audit of the administration is available on the website of the Supervisory Board of Public Accountants (Revisorsnämnden): [www.revisorsinspektionen.se/revisornsansvar](http://www.revisorsinspektionen.se/revisornsansvar). This description is part of the auditor's report.

## Auditor's review of the corporate governance report

The board of directors is responsible for the corporate governance report on pages 50-53 and for ensuring that it has been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

Our review has been conducted in accordance with FAR's RevU 16 Auditor's Review of the corporate governance report. This means that our review of the corporate governance report has a different focus and is substantially lesser in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. We believe that this review provides a sufficient basis for our opinion.

A corporate governance report has been prepared. Disclosures in accordance with Chapter 6, Section 6, subsection 2, points 2–6, and Chapter 7, Section 31, subsection 2 of the Annual Accounts Act are consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and the consolidated annual accounts, as well as with the Annual Accounts Act.

## Auditor's review of the ESEF report

### OPINIONS

In addition to our audit of the annual report and the consolidated accounts, we have also verified that the board of directors and the chief executive officer have prepared the annual report and the consolidated accounts in a format that enables harmonised electronic reporting (via the ESEF report) in accordance with Chapter 16, Section 4a of the Swedish Securities Market Act (2007:528) for AcadeMedia AB (publ) for the year 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

Our examination and opinion refers only to the statutory requirement.

In our view, the ESEF report 9290efaa17a2ad3fdc2928c862ebb-3b24a17ad04f1fce579cbbf1ebe1e92410f has been prepared in a format that essentially allows for harmonised electronic reporting.

### BASIS FOR OPINIONS

We conducted our review in accordance with FAR Recommendation RevR 18 *Auditor's Review of the ESEF Report*. Our responsibilities as described in this recommendation are described in more detail in the section Auditor's Responsibilities. We are independent of AcadeMedia AB (publ) in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The board of directors and the chief executive officer are responsible for ensuring that the ESEF report has been prepared in accordance with Chapter 16, Section 4a of the Securities Market Act (2007:528), and for ensuring that such internal controls are in place that the board of directors and the chief executive officer determine are necessary to enable the preparation of an ESEF report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Our task is to express an opinion with reasonable assurance as to whether the ESEF report has been prepared, in all material respects, in a format that complies with the requirements of Chapter 16, Section 4a of the Securities Market Act (2007:528), on the basis of our audit.

RevR 18 requires us to plan and perform our audit procedures to obtain reasonable assurance that the ESEF report is prepared in a format that meets these requirements.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee, that a review conducted in accordance with RevR 18 and generally accepted auditing practice in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error, and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the ESEF report.

The auditors apply ISQC 1 *Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and other Assurance and Related Services Engagements* and thus have a comprehensive quality control system in place that includes documented guidelines and procedures for compliance with professional ethics, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

The review includes obtaining evidence, through a variety of procedures, that the ESEF report has been prepared in a format that enables harmonised electronic reporting of the annual report and the consolidated accounts. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the reporting, whether due to fraud or error. In making such risk assessments, the auditor considers aspects of internal control relevant to how the board of directors and the chief executive officer produce the material in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances,

but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. The review also includes evaluating the appropriateness and reasonableness of the assumptions made by the board of directors and the chief executive officer.

The review procedures consist in the main of a technical validation of the ESEF report, that is, whether the file containing the ESEF report complies with the technical specification set out in

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815, and a verification that the ESEF report accords with the audited annual report and consolidated accounts.

Furthermore, the review also includes assessing whether the ESEF report has been tagged with iXBRL, which allows for an accurate and complete machine-readable version of the Group's income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AB, Torsgatan 21, SE-113 97 Stockholm, Sweden, was appointed to serve as auditor by AcadeMedia ABs (publ) at the Annual General Meeting held on 30 November 2021 and has been the company's auditor since 24 November 2017.

Stockholm, 24 October 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers AB

Patrik Adolfson  
Authorised Public Accountant  
Principal auditor

Eva Medbrant  
Authorised Public Accountant